1	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
2	COUNTY OF CONTRA COSTA				
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5	In Re Complex Litigation Matters	CASE NO.: MSC00-00000			
6	,	ELECTRONIC CASE FILING			
7	Plaintiff(s),	STANDING ORDER			
8	v.	as amended effective April 11, 2011			
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10	Defendant(s).				
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17	Pursuant to California Rules of Cou	rt 2.253, 2.254(b) and 3.751, the Court enters the			
18	following Standing Order, applicable to all matters designated by the court for electronic filing:				
19	I. Applicability of Other Rules and Orders. Except to the extent modified by this Order,				
20	approved stipulation or other order of the co	ourt, all California Rules of Civil Procedure, Local			
21	Rules, and orders of the court shall continue to apply to cases which are subject to electronic				
22	filing. Electronic filing is subject to the provisions of California Rules of Court 2.250 to 2.261, as				
23	those Rules may be amended from time to	time.			
24	II. Selection of Cases. Most matters clas	sified by the court as Complex Litigation will be			
25	designated for mandatory e-filing. Howeve	r papers should not be e-filed until the Court enters a			
26	specific order, designating an Electronic Fil	ing Service Provider. That will usually be done at			
27	the first case management conference. If a	any party believes e-filing should begin sooner than			
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1	the first case management conference, they should meet and confer with all other parties who
2	have appeared and present a stipulation to the court which includes the designation of an
3	Electronic Filing Service Provider.
4	III. Electronic Filing Service Providers. Pursuant to Rule of Court 2.255 the court has
5	contracted with two (2) Electronic Filing Service Providers (EFSPs) to establish an electronic
6	filing system for the court. The currently designated EFSPs for the Complex Litigation Filing
7	Project are:
8	LexisNexis File & Serve [www.lexisnexis.com/fileandserve/]
9	One Legal, Inc. [www.onelegal.com/]
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11	Due to limitations on electronic service, only one EFSP may be used in each matter. The first

appearing party may select the EFSP, subject to modification by the court. If no selection is

made prior to the initial case management conference, the Court will select the EFSP to be

IV. Registration and Access.

used by the parties.

Obligation to Register. At least one attorney of record for each party in a matter designated for electronic filing must promptly register with the EFSP assigned or selected for that matter. Upon receipt by the EFSP of a properly executed click-through user agreement, the EFSP will assign to the user a confidential login and password to the system. Additional authorized users may be added at any time. No attorney or other user shall knowingly authorize or permit his or her username or password to be utilized by anyone, even another attorney of record. Attorneys of record who fail to timely register, or to keep registration information current shall be subject to such sanctions as may be imposed by the court.

<u>Obligation to Keep Information Current</u>. A party whose electronic notification address changes while the action or proceeding is pending must promptly file a notice of change of address with the court electronically and must serve this notice on all other parties or their

attorneys of record. An electronic notification address is presumed valid for a party if the party files electronic documents with the court from that address and has not filed and served notice that the address is no longer valid.

### V. Electronic Filing Requirements.

**Generally**. In any case subject to electronic filing, all documents to be filed with the Clerk of Court shall be filed electronically through the designated EFSP. Except as otherwise provided in this Order, or otherwise authorized by the court, the court will not accept or file any pleadings or instrument in paper form.

<u>Format</u>. All electronically filed and served pleadings shall, to the extent practicable, be formatted in accordance with the applicable rules governing formatting of paper pleadings. The electronic document title of each pleading or other document, shall include:

- (a) Party or parties filing/serving the document,
- 13 (b) Nature of the document,
- 14 (c) Party or parties against whom relief, if any, is sought, and
- 15 (d) Nature of the relief sought
- 16 (e.g., Defendant ABC Corporation's Motion for Summary Judgment")

Where the filer possesses only a paper copy of a document, it should be scanned to PDF format.

<u>Completion of Filing</u>. Electronic transmission of a document consistent with the procedures adopted by the court shall, upon the complete receipt of the same by the Clerk and together with the receipt of acceptance by the court, transmitted from the EFSP, constitute filing of the document for all purposes of the Code of Civil Procedure and the Rules of Court, and shall constitute entry of that document onto the docket maintained by the Clerk.

<u>Deadlines</u>. Filing documents electronically does not alter any filing deadlines. All electronic transmissions of documents must be completed (i.e., received completely by the Clerk's Office) prior to 5:00 Pacific Time in order to be considered timely filed that day. Where a

specific time deadline is set by court order or stipulation, the electronic filing shall be completed by that time.

Technical Failures. The Clerk shall deem the electronic filing system to be subject to a technical failure on a given day if the court is unable to accept filings continuously or intermittently over the course of any period of time greater than one hour after 12:00 noon that day, in which case filings due that day which were not filed due solely to such technical failures shall become due the next business day. Such delayed filings shall be accompanied by a declaration or affidavit attesting to the filing person's failed attempts to file electronically at least two times after 12:00 noon separated by at least one hour on each day of delay due to such technical failure.

**Docket**. The record of filings and entries generated by the courts case management system for each case shall constitute the docket.

VI. Electronic Summons On electronic filing of a complaint, a petition, or another document that must be served with a summons, the court will transmit a summons electronically to the filer. The summons will contain an image of the court's seal and the assigned case number. Personal service of the printed form of a summons transmitted electronically to the electronic filer has the same legal effect as personal service of a copy of an original summons. (Rule of Court 2.259(f)(3).)

#### VII. Permissible Manual Filing (Rule 2.253(c))

Generally. Parties otherwise subject to mandatory electronic filing may be excused from filing a particular document electronically if it is not available in electronic format and it is not feasible for the filer to convert it to electronic format by scanning it to PDF. Such a document may be manually filed with the Clerk of Court and served upon the parties in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure and the Rules of Court for filing and service of non-electronic documents. Parties manually filing a document shall file electronically a Notice of Manual Filing setting forth the reason(s) why the component cannot be filed

1	electronically.				
2	<b>Exhibits</b> . Exhibits whose electronic original is not available to the filer, and which must				
3	therefore be scanned to PDF, should not be filed electronically if the file size of the individual				
4	scanned document would exceed the limit specified by the EFSP and the Court [5 Mb].				
5	Exhibits filed on paper because they are too large to scan must be identified in the electronic				
6	filing by a Notice of Manual Filing attached in place of the actual document.				
7	Original documents. In any proceeding that requires the filing of an original documen				
8	an electronic filer may file a scanned copy of a document if the original document is then filed				
9	with the court within ten (10) calendar days. [See Rule of Court 2.252(b)]				
10	Documents Lo	odged Conditionally. Documents lodged with the court conditionally			
11	under seal, as provided	d in Rule of Court 2.551, may be submitted in paper form, pending			
12	hearing on a motion to seal.				
13	Copies of Non-California authorities not required. The Complex Litigation				
14	Department has access to all non-California authorities and has, by its guidelines, waived the				
15	requirement to comply with Rule of Court 3.1113 (i). It is requested that parties not file such				
16	materials, manually or otherwise, or burden the Court with courtesy copies.				
17	VIII. Courtesy Copies	s of Pleadings. A courtesy copy of any of the following papers shall be			
18	delivered to the chambers of the Judge that will be hearing the matter:				
19	(1)	all papers supporting or opposing any motion for summary judgment or			
20		summary adjudication;			
21	(2)	All issue conference statements as well as issue conference statement			
22		papers such as motions in limine or oppositions thereto.			
23	(3)	All motions and oppositions thereto set for hearing in the Discovery			
24		Department (60).			
25	(4)	all papers supporting or opposing any other motion wherein the total			
26		number of pages of the document or group of documents being filed,			
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1			including exhibits, exceeds fifteen (15) pages [not including pages of	
2			proofs of service];	
3		(5)	all papers supporting or opposing any ex parte motion;	
4		(6)	all case management conference statements; and	
5		(7)	any papers other than those described above that the Court specifically	
6			orders to be supplemented with courtesy copies.	
7	Courtesy copies are to be delivered no later than the following court day from the date of			
8	electronic filing. For ex parte motions they should be provided as early as reasonably feasible.			
9	Courtesy copies of electronically filed documents other than those described above should			
10	not be delivered to the complex litigation department.			
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12	IX. Public Access and Privacy			
13	Personal Identifiers Except as provided in Rules of Court 2.250 through 2.260 and			
14	2.500 through 2.506, an electronically filed document is a public document at the time it is filed			
15	unless it is sealed under rule 2.551 or made confidential by law. (See Rule of Court 2.254(d).)			
16	To promote electronic access to case files while also protecting personal privacy and other			
17	legitimate interests, parties must refrain from including, or must redact where inclusion is			
18	necessary, the following personal data identifiers from all pleadings and other papers filed with			
19	the court, including exhibits thereto, whether filed electronically or in paper, unless otherwise			
20	ordered by t	he court:		
21	(a)	Social Se	curity numbers. If an individual's social security number must be	
22		included in	a pleading or other paper, only the last four digits of that number	
23		should be	used.	
24	(b)	Names of	minor children. If the involvement of a minor child must be	
25		mentioned	I, only the initials of that child should be used.	
26	(c)	Dates of I	pirth. If an individual's date of birth must be included in a pleading or	
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other paper, only the year should be used.

(d) Financial account numbers. If financial account numbers are relevant, only the last four digits of these numbers should be used.

<u>Privileged or confidential information</u>. No party shall intentionally include within pleadings, nor attach as exhibits, any other matter that the party knows to be properly subject to a claim of privilege or confidentiality.

Filing of Sensitive Documents. A party wishing to file a document containing the personal data identifiers listed above, or material known to be subject to a claim of privilege, may file an unredacted document under seal as provided herein. The party must file a redacted copy for the public file.

Responsibility for Redaction. The responsibility for redacting personal identifiers and privileged or confidential information rests solely with counsel and the parties. The Clerk will not review each pleading or other paper for compliance. The court may impose sanctions for violation of these requirements.

#### X. Signatures (Rule of Court 2.257)

Documents under penalty of perjury. When a document to be filed electronically provides for a signature under penalty of perjury, the document is deemed signed by the declarant if, before filing, the declarant has signed a printed form of the document. By electronically filing the document, the electronic filer certifies that he or she has complied with this requirement and that the original, signed document is available for inspection and copying at the request of the court or any other party. At any time after the document is filed, any other party may serve a demand for production of the original signed document. The terms of Rule of Court 2.257 shall apply to any such demand.

<u>Documents not under penalty of perjury</u> If a document does not require a signature under penalty of perjury, the document is deemed signed by the party submitting it if the

document is filed electronically.

Documents requiring signatures of opposing parties When a document to be filed electronically, such as a stipulation, requires the signatures of opposing parties, the following procedure applies: (1) The party filing the document must obtain the signatures of all parties on a printed form of the document; (2) The party filing the document must maintain the original, signed document and must make it available for inspection and copying as provided in Rule of Court 2.257(c)(2); (3) By electronically filing the document, the electronic filer indicates that all parties have signed the document and that the filer has the signed original in his or her possession.

#### XI. Proposed Orders for Court Signature.

**Generally**. Proposed orders accompanying motions or oppositions should be e-filed with the moving or opposing papers. Such proposed orders must be clearly marked as "proposed".

<u>Signature Copies.</u> For the purpose of signing of orders, after the hearing the prevailing party must <u>e-mail</u> to the court at <u>cxlit@contracosta.courts.ca.gov</u> a signature copy, in word-processing format so that it can be modified, if needed, and dated, prior to signing. Other than the space for the Court to date and sign the order, all other blanks should be filled in. The e-mail transmitting the proposed order to the Court must be cc'd to all other parties in the case.

<u>Format.</u> The e-mailed copy may be in any of the following formats: WordPerfect (.wpd); Microsoft Word (.doc); Plain Text / ACSII (.txt).

Timing of Signature Copies. Excepting for orders pursuant to C.C.P. § 877.6 (a)(2), and stipulated orders, proposed orders should <u>not</u> be e-mailed until the Court has indicated that the requested relief will be granted. Orders e-mailed prior to the ruling of the court will not be retained and replacement orders will be necessary.

Orders to be held for the statutory time period provided my C.C.P. § 877.6 (a)(2) of 20 or 25 days may be sent when the notice of settlement is filed. Orders by stipulation may be sent when the stipulation is e-filed. If the order is indicated upon the same document as the

stipulation, the document should be e-mailed as one word processing document.

## **E-mailing Requirements.**

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(a) "Subject" or "Heading": This <u>must</u> indicate the case name (at least in shortened form) and the date of hearing. For orders by stipulation "By

Stipulation" must replace the hearing date. For C.C.P. § 877.6 (a)(2) orders the code section and last day for objection must be indicated.

(b) Accompanying message: This should include the case number, any information as to the opportunity of opposing parties to object or seek modification of the submitted order, and any other information that would be

Service of the Court's Orders. Orders filed by the court in cases designated for electronic filing will be served: (a) through the EFSP; or (b) by e-mail from the court to the address(es) provided to the EFSP. No paper service will be made by the court.

# XII. Service of Electronically Filed Documents.

Open Access web site at regular intervals.

helpful to the Court.

 Generally. The designated EFSP will provide electronic service for all documents requiring service, including those which are not filed with the court, as provided in Rule of Court 2.260. Delivery of e-service documents through the EFSP to other registered users shall be considered as valid and effective service and shall have the same legal effect as an original paper document. Recipients of e-service documents shall access their documents through the EFSP. The parties are also strongly encouraged to check the docket in their case on the court's

**Proof of Service** Proof of service shall be made in the manner provided in Rule of Court 2.260(c).

XIII. Service of this Order. A copy of this Standing Order must be served with the initiating pleading by any plaintiff, petitioner, or cross-complainant.

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5				Judge of	the Superior Co	ourt
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